

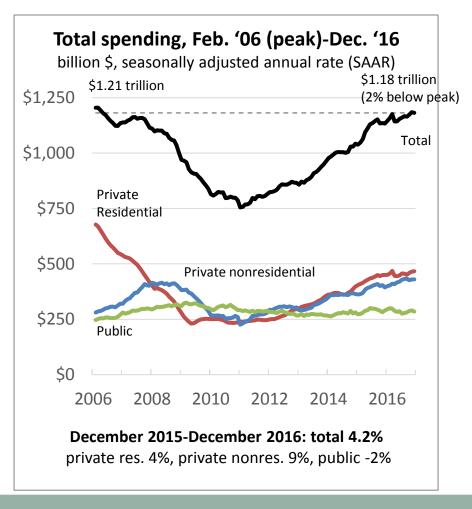
# **US & NC Construction Spending, Labor & Materials Outlook**

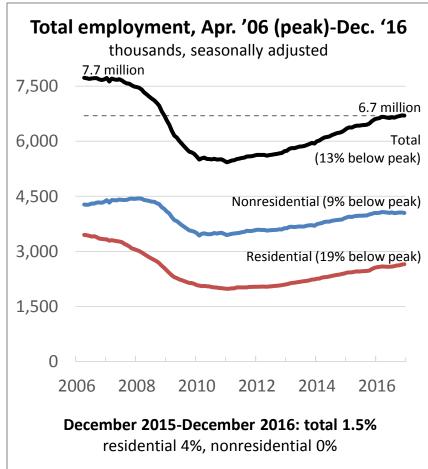
NC State Construction Conference Raleigh, March 2, 2017 Ken Simonson

Chief Economist, AGC of America

Quality People. Quality Projects.

### Construction spending & employment, 2006-16







## Policy possibilities & uncertainties affecting construction

- Infrastructure: How much? How soon? What types? Funding source?
- Immigration: Impact on new & current workers? Wall construction?
- Trade: Higher materials costs? Shortages? Less or more factory const.?
- Regulatory relief: Which ones? How soon?
- Fiscal: Lower taxes? For whom? Bigger deficits? Implications for construction demand, labor supply?
- Monetary: Higher interest rates? Implications for construction costs?

## AGC members' expectations for 2017 (1281 total responses)

Compared to 2016, do you expect the available dollar volume of projects you compete for in 2017 to be higher/lower/same?

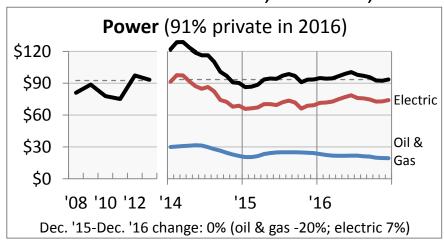
	<u> % higher - % lower</u>
All projects	36%
Hospital; Retail, warehouse, lodging	23
Private office	20
Manufacturing	18
Highway; Public building	15
Higher education; K-12 school; Water/sewer	14
Multifamily; Other transportation (e.g., transit, rail, airportation)	ort) 11
Power	10
Federal (e.g., VA, GSA, USACE, NAVFAC)	7

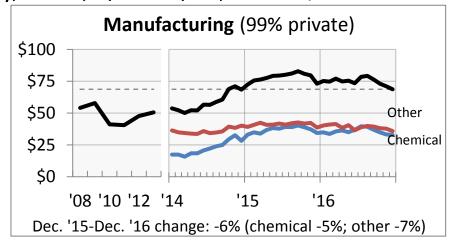
#### Nonresidential segments: 2014-16 change, 2017 forecast

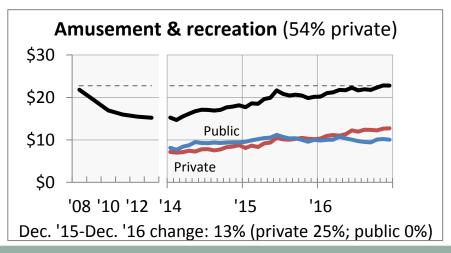
	<u>2015 vs.</u> <u>2014</u>	<u>2016 vs.</u> <u>2015</u>	2017 forecast
Nonresidential total (public+private)	<u>7</u> %	<u>4%</u>	<u>2-6%</u>
Power (incl. oil & gas field structures, pipelines)	-16	3	5-10
Highway and street	6	2	2-5
Educational	5	6	3-7
Manufacturing	33	-4	<0
Commercial (retail, warehouse, farm)	6	11	0-5
Office	18	25	8-13
Transportation	8	-6	0-5
Health care	5	2	0-5
Lodging	30	25	~0
Sewage & waste disposal	5	-9	
Otheramusement; communication; religious; public safety; conservation; water: 6% of total	9	-1	

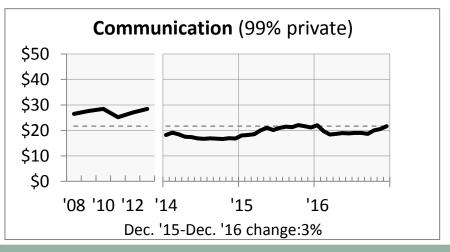
#### Construction spending: industrial, heavy

annual total, 2008-13; monthly, SAAR, 1/14-12/16; billion \$







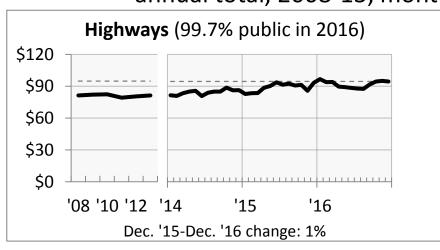


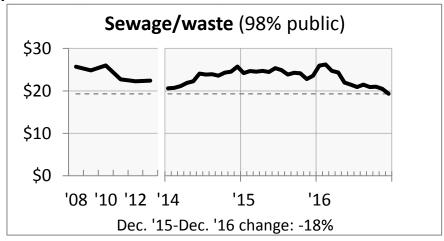
## Key points: power, manufacturing, recreation

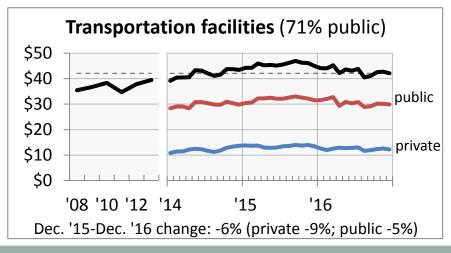
- Solar, wind power are growing again; expect more gas-fired plants, natural gas pipelines into '18
- Mfg decline led by completion or delay of chemical plants (fertilizer, ethane crackers, petrochemicals, LNG) and transportation equipment (cars, trucks, jets, railcars)
- Amusement & recreation spending is very "lumpy"—a few big stadiums at irregular intervals; but funding for local, state, federal parks keeps eroding

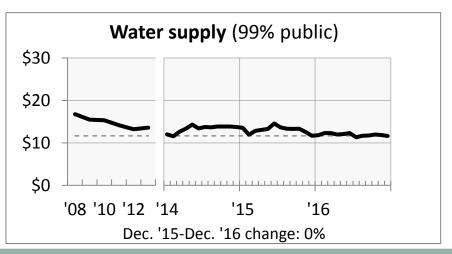
#### **Construction spending: public works**

annual total, 2008-13; monthly, SAAR, 1/14-12/16; billion \$







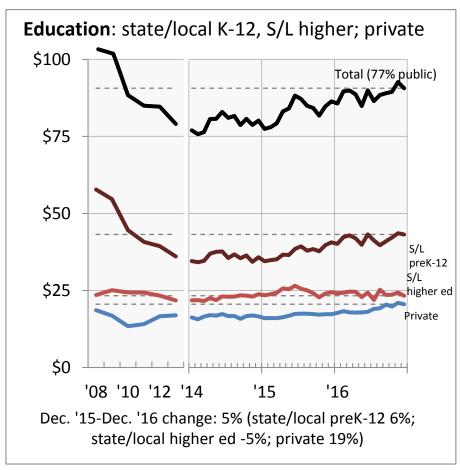


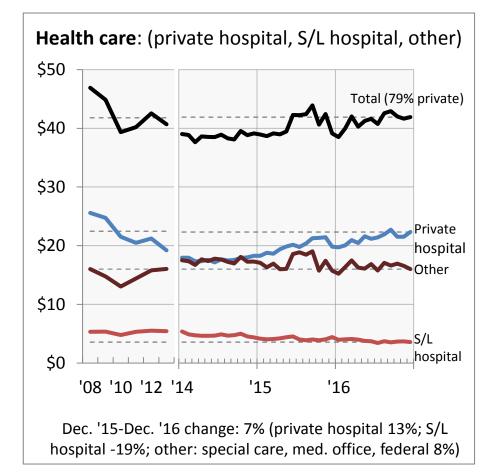
## Key points: roads, transportation, sewer/water

- Highway funds benefit from more travel, hence fuel purchases; gradual pick-up in state funding & P3s; higher federal funding unlikely before '18
- Railroads slashing investment; pickup in airport projects but no increase likely in port, transit construction funding
- Eastern & Midwestern cities under orders to make long-term upgrades to sewer systems that should boost spending; water utilities hurt by drought, conservation but may get money for lead abatement

#### Construction spending: education, health care

annual total, 2008-13; monthly, SAAR, 1/14-12/16; billion \$



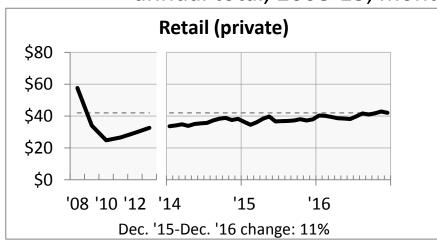


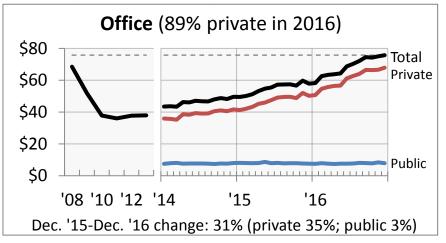
## **Key points: education & health care**

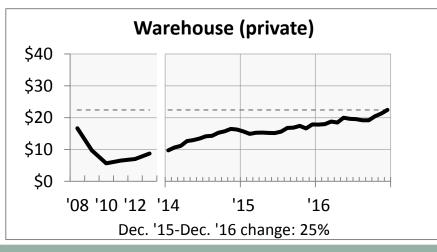
- Bond issues passed in 2014-16 should boost preK-12 projects in 2017
- Higher-ed enrollment declined 21% from 2011 to 2016, so colleges need fewer dorms & classrooms; apts. (multifamily) replacing dorms (educational construction)
- Hospitals face more competition from standalone urgent care, outpatient surgery, clinics in stores; also, renewed uncertainty about utilization and reimbursement rates if Affordable Care Act is repealed/modified/replaced

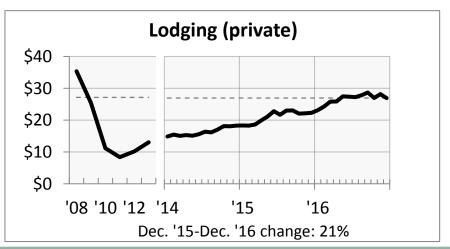
#### **Construction spending: developer-financed**

annual total, 2008-13; monthly, SAAR, 1/14-12/16; billion \$







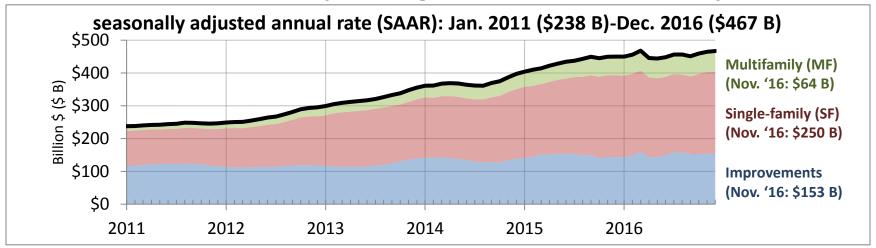


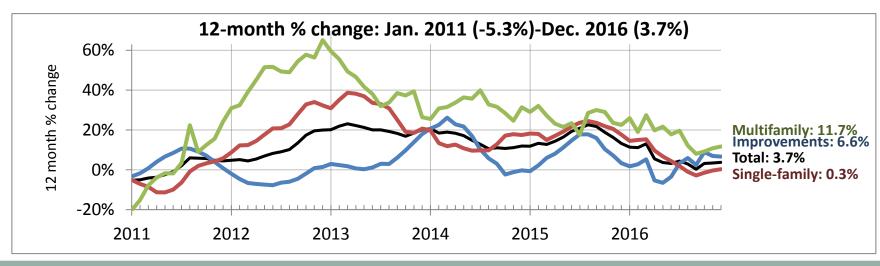


## Key points: retail, warehouse, office, hotel, data centers

- Retail now tied to mixed-use buildings & renovations, not standalone stores or shopping centers
- Warehouse market still benefiting from e-commerce; more local than huge regional distribution centers likely in future
- Record employment each month but office space per employee keeps shrinking; more urban & renovation work than suburban office parks
- Hotel construction likely to drop as revenue per available room slows
- Data centers remain a strong niche but no data available on how strong

#### Private residential spending: MF continues to outpace SF

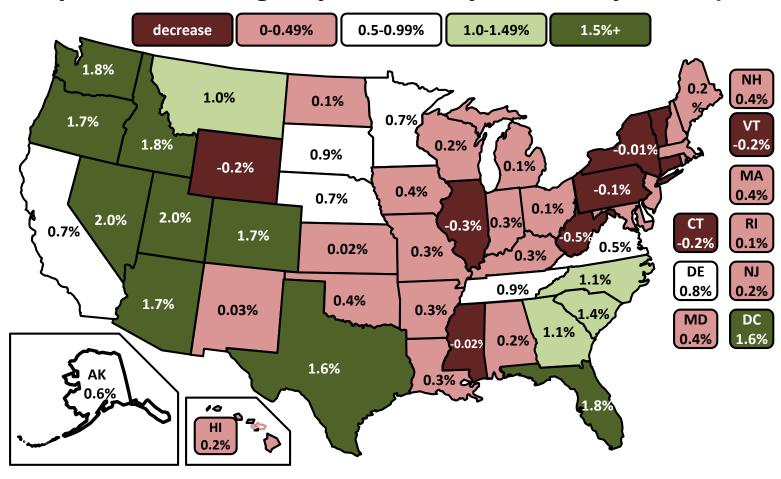




# Private residential spending 2016: 5%; 2017 forecast: 5-10%

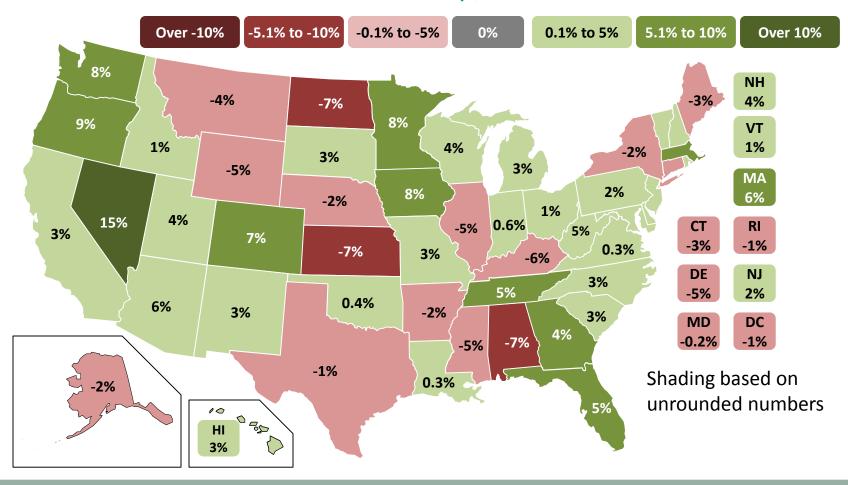
- SF: 4% in 2016, **6-11% in 2017**; ongoing job gains add to demand; but student debt and other credit impairments, limited supply will limit growth
- MF: 16% in 2016, 5-10% in 2017; growth slowing but should last till 2018
  - occupancy rates, rents have leveled off or dipped in some markets
  - millennials are staying longer in cities, denser suburbs where MF construction is bigger share of market than in outer suburbs
  - nearly all MF construction is rental, not condo
- Improvements: 3% in 2016, 0-10% in 2017; Census data is not reliable and shows only a loose relationship to SF spending

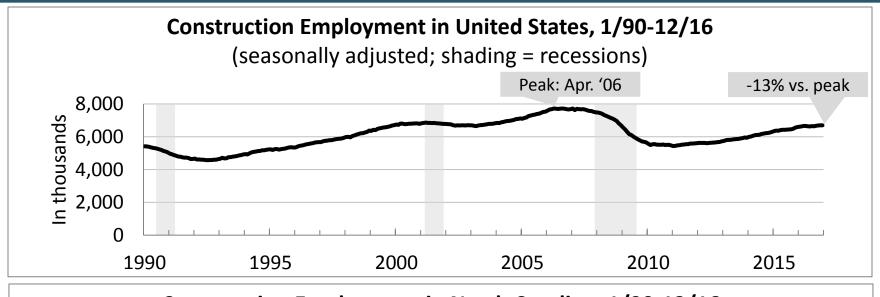
#### Population change by state, July 2015-July 2016 (U.S.: 0.70%)

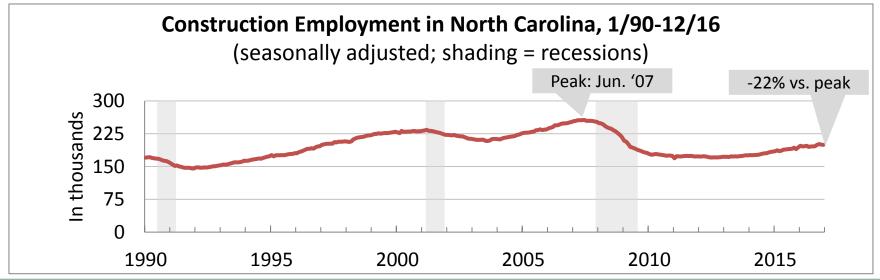


#### State construction employment change (U.S.: 1.5%)

12/15 to 12/16: **32** states up, **18 + DC** down

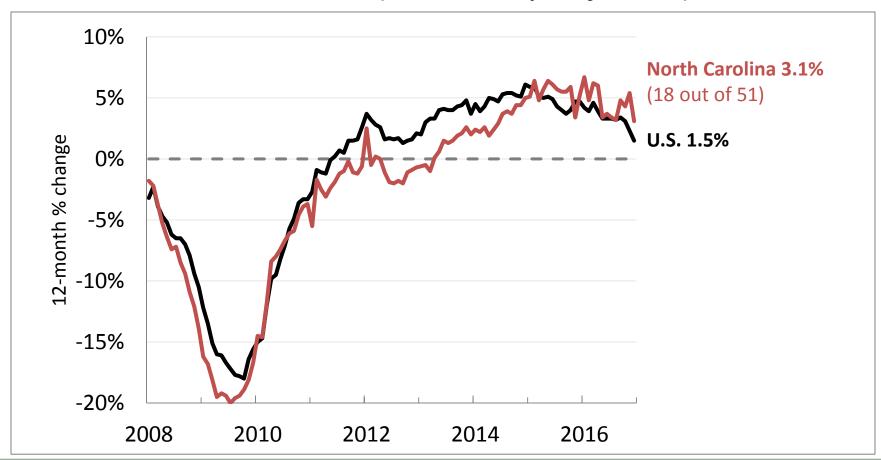






#### **Construction Employment Change from Year Ago**

1/08-12/16 (seasonally adjusted)



#### Change in construction employment, 12/15-12/16

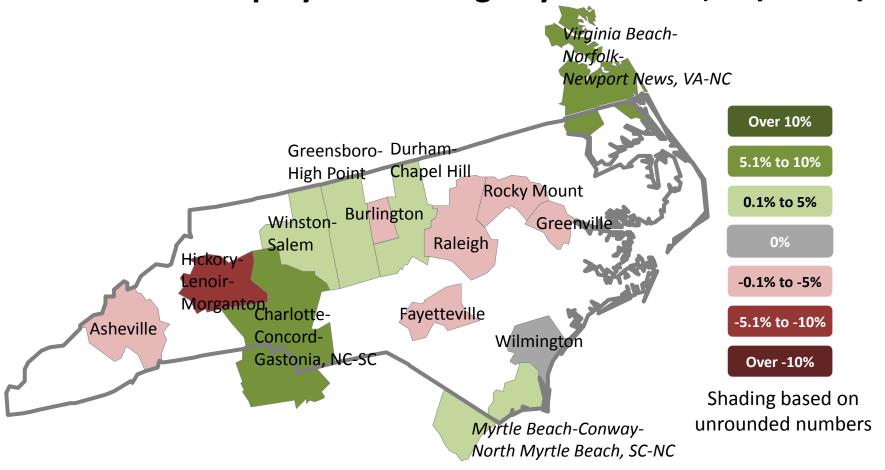
not seasonally adjusted

Metro area or division	12-mo. empl. change (NSA)	Rank (out of 358)
Statewide (construction)	3%	
Statewide (construction/mining/logging)*	3%	
Asheville*	-3%	284
Burlington*	-4%	300
Charlotte-Concord-Gastonia, NC-SC*	6%	42
Durham-Chapel Hill*	1%	156
Fayetteville*	-2%	267
Greensboro-High Point*	2%	130
Greenville*	-3%	284
Hickory-Lenoir-Morganton*	-8%	337
Raleigh*	-4%	300
Rocky Mount*	-5%	314
Wilmington*	0%	184
Winston-Salem*	1%	156
Myrtle Beach-Conway-North Myrtle Beach, SC-NC*	4%	70
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News, VA-NC*	6%	42

<sup>\*</sup>The Bureau of Labor Statistics reports employment for construction, mining and logging combined for metro areas in which mining and logging have few employers. To allow comparisons between states and their metros, the table shows combined employment change for these metros. Not seasonally adjusted statewide data is shown for both construction-only and combined employment change.

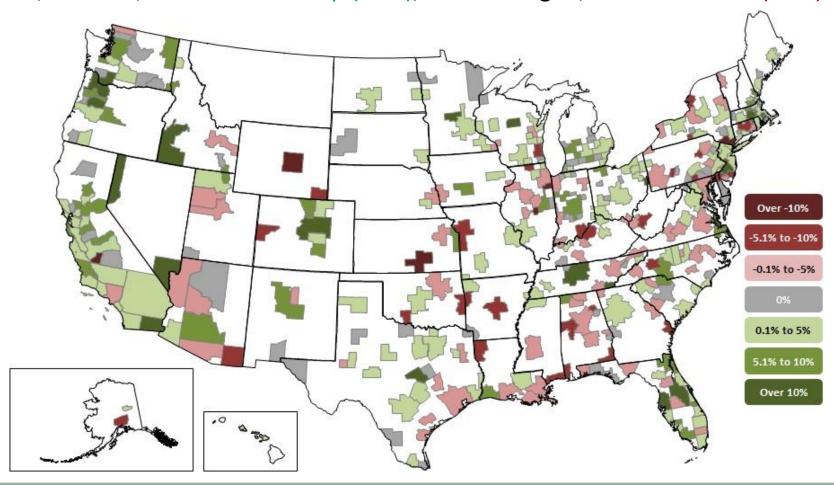


#### Construction employment change by NC metro, 12/15-12/16

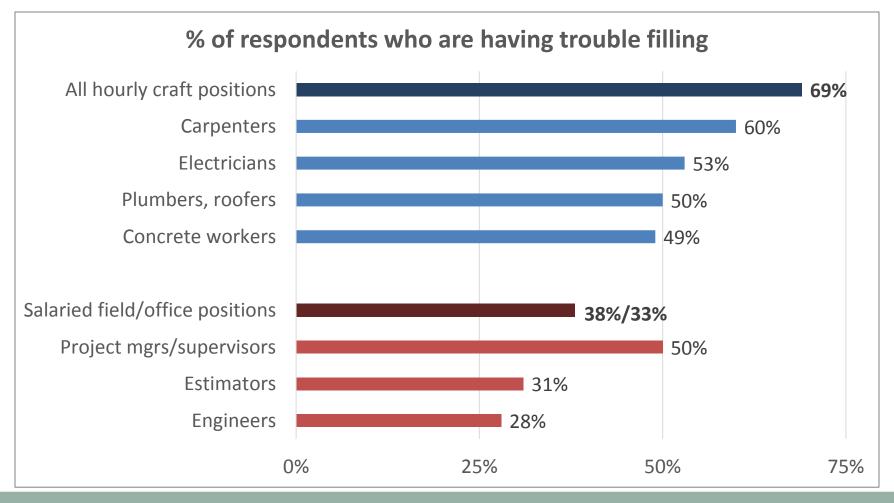


#### Metro construction employment change

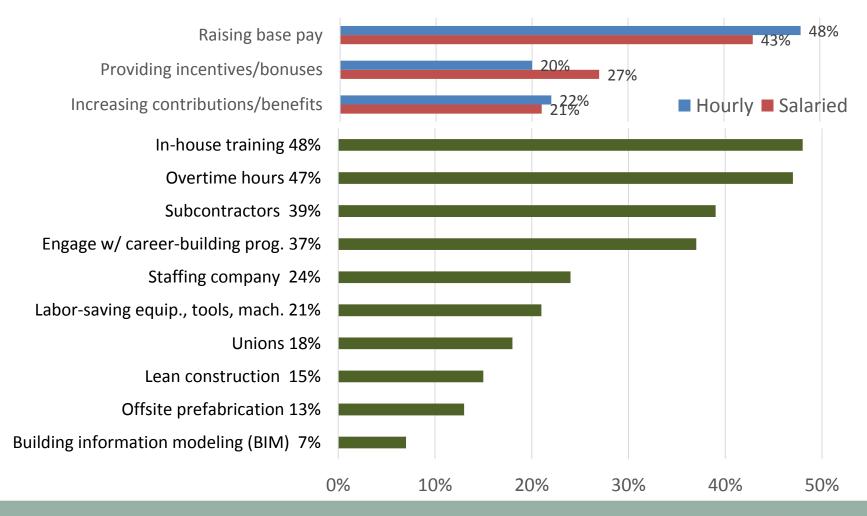
12/15 to 12/16: 183 metros up (51%), 65 unchanged, 109 + DC down (31%)



## Hardest positions to fill



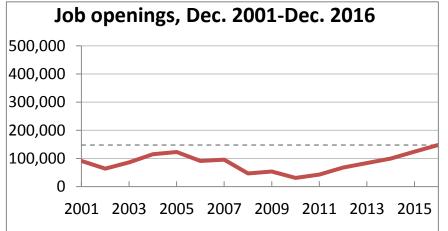
#### How contractors are coping with worker shortages

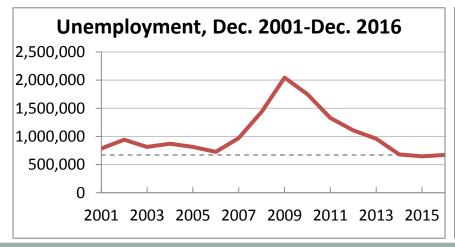




#### Construction workforce indicators (not seasonally adjusted)



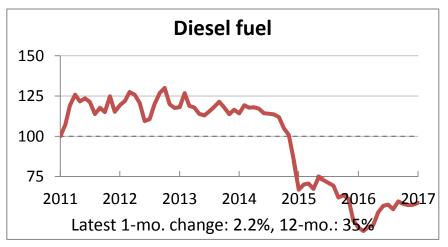


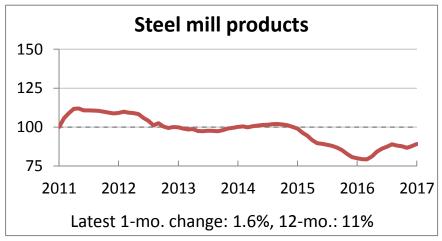


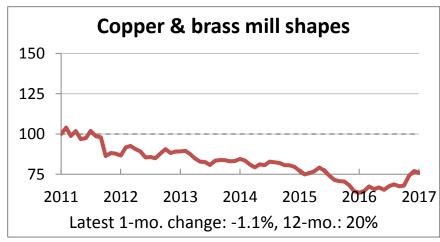


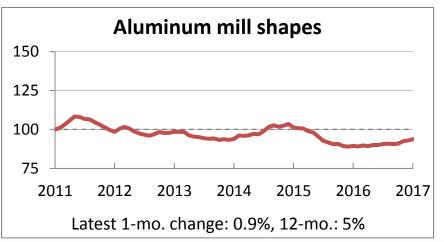


#### Producer price indexes for key inputs, 1/11-1/17 (Jan. 2011=100)



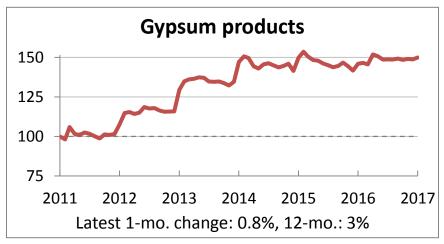


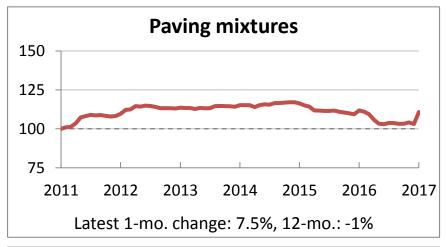


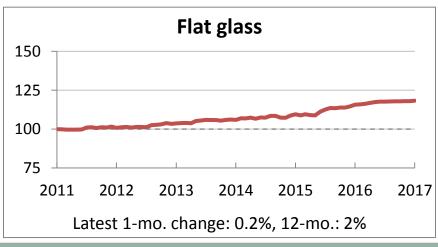


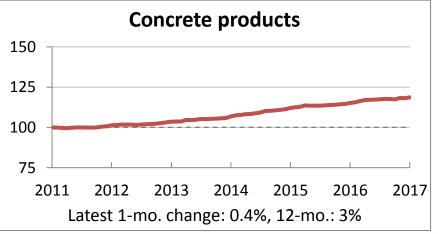


#### Producer price indexes for key inputs, 1/11-1/17 (Jan. 2011=100)









## **2015-16** summary, **2017** forecast

	2015 actual	2016 actual	2017 forecast
Total spending	11%	4%	2-7%
Private – residential	17%	5%	5-10%
<ul><li>nonresidential</li></ul>	8%	8%	2-7%
Public	5%	-1%	0-3%
Goods & serv. inputs PPI	-2%	2%	2-4%
Employment cost index	2.2%	2.2%	3-4%

#### **AGC** economic resources

(email <a href="mailto:simonsonk@agc.org">simonsonk@agc.org</a>)

- The Data DIGest: weekly 1-page email (subscribe at <a href="http://store.agc.org">http://store.agc.org</a>)
- monthly press releases: spending; PPI; national, state, metro employment
- yearly employment & outlook surveys, state and metro data, fact sheets: www.agc.org/learn/construction-data

